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NEWS	1		Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
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NEWS	3	Jun 03	New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS	4	Aug 08	PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS	5	Aug 19	Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE) now available on STN
NEWS	6	Aug 26	Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	7	Sep 03	JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	8	Sep 16	Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS	9	Sep 16	CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS	10	Oct 01	CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS	11	Oct 24	BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS	12	Oct 24	Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS	13	Nov 18	DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS	14	Nov 25	More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS	15	Dec 04	CSA files on STN
NEWS	16	Dec 17	PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS	17	Dec 17	TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS	18	Dec 17	Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS	19	Jan 29	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX, ENERGY, INSPEC
NEWS	20	Feb 13	CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS	21	Feb 24	METADEX enhancements
NEWS	22	Feb 24	PCTGEN now available on STN
NEWS	23	Feb 24	TEMA now available on STN
NEWS	24	Feb 26	NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS	25	Feb 26	PCTFULL now contains images
NEWS	26	Mar 04	SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS	27	Mar 19	APOLLIT offering free connect time in April 2003
NEWS	28	Mar 20	EVENTLINE will be removed from STN
NEWS	29	Mar 24	PATDPAFULL now available on STN
NEWS	30	Mar 24	Additional information for trade-named substances without structures available in REGISTRY
NEWS	31	Apr 11	Display formats in DGENE enhanced
NEWS	32	Apr 14	MEDLINE Reload
NEWS	33	Apr 17	Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	34	Apr 21	Indexing from 1947 to 1956 being added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	35	Apr 21	New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS	36	Apr 28	RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
NEWS EXPRESS			April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003
NEWS HOURS			STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER			General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN			Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE			Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN

NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

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* * * * * STN Columbus * * * * *

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:50:10 ON 30 APR 2003

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:50:30 ON 30 APR 2003

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 Apr 2003 VOL 138 ISS 18

FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Apr 2003 (20030429/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s dextran

30289 DEXTRAN

3888 DEXTRANS

L1 31015 DEXTRAN

(DEXTRAN OR DEXTRANS)

=> e chaubet frederic/in,au

E1 3 CHAUBET D/AU

E2 10 CHAUBET F/AU

E3 4 --> CHAUBET FREDERIC/IN

E4 21 CHAUBET FREDERIC/AU

E5 1 CHAUBET GIGOT N/AU

E6 6 CHAUBET GIGOT NICOLE/AU

E7 4 CHAUBET M/AU

E8 1 CHAUBET MICHEL/AU

E9 4 CHAUBET N/AU

E10 2 CHAUBET NICOLE/IN

E11 28 CHAUBET NICOLE/AU

E12 5 CHAUBET OLIVIER/IN

```
=> s l1 and (growth (w) factor)
      1051433 GROWTH
        3941 GROWTHS
      1053507 GROWTH
              (GROWTH OR GROWTHS)
        770514 FACTOR
        672571 FACTORS
      1218305 FACTOR
              (FACTOR OR FACTORS)
        132255 GROWTH (W) FACTOR
L2            586 L1 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)
```

```
=> s l2 and biommaterial
      0 BIOMMATERIAL
L3            0 L2 AND BIOMMATERIAL
```

```
=> s l2 and biomaterial
      5237 BIOMATERIAL
      5849 BIOMATERIALS
      8291 BIOMATERIAL
              (BIOMATERIAL OR BIOMATERIALS)
L4            10 L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
```

```
=> s l4 and (cross-link or crosslink)
) IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).
```

```
=> s l4 and (cross (w) link)
) IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).
```

```
=> s l4 and (cross-linked or crosslinked)
      411377 CROSS
      12769 CROSSES
      422425 CROSS
              (CROSS OR CROSSES)
      197229 LINKED
        1 LINKEDS
      197229 LINKED
              (LINKED OR LINKEDS)
      19793 CROSS-LINKED
              (CROSS(W)LINKED)
      84278 CROSSLINKED
L5            6 L4 AND (CROSS-LINKED OR CROSSLINKED)
```

```
=> dis l5 1-6 bib abs
```

```
L5    ANSWER 1 OF 6    CAPLUS    COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN    2002:408555    CAPLUS
DN    136:391055
TI    Porous polymeric biomaterials for use as implants
IN    Boudy, Vincent; Laurent, Alexandre; Labarre, Denis; Chaumeil, Jean-Claude
PA    Assistance Publique - Hopitaux De Paris, Fr.
SO    PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT    Patent
LA    French
FAN.CNT 1
```

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002041928	A1	20020530	WO 2001-FR3623	20011119
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	FR 2816847	A1	20020524	FR 2000-15065	20001122
	AU 2002020795	A5	20020603	AU 2002-20795	20011119
PRAI	FR 2000-15065	A	20001122		
	WO 2001-FR3623	W	20011119		

AB The invention concerns porous polymeric **biomaterials** contg. a porous polymeric matrix optionally filled with biol. and/or chem. active agents, the method for prepg. same and their uses, in particular as implant. Acrylic microspheres (Trisacryl-DEAE) were added to a soln. of sodium alginate followed by addn. of calcium ion. The porous polymer thus obtained was placed in a soln. of 5g/L indomethacin for 12-48 h. Release of indomethacin from the polymer was studied.

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2002:124031 CAPLUS

DN 137:221963

TI Heparin and non-heparin-like **dextrans** differentially modulate endothelial cell proliferation: in vitro evaluation with soluble and **crosslinked** polysaccharide matrices

AU Letourneur, Didier; Machy, Delphine; Pelle, Anne; Marcon-Bachari, Eva; D'Angelo, Gisela; Vogel, Magali; Chaubet, Frederic; Michel, Jean-Baptiste

CS INVIMAT, X., Bichat Medical School, Paris, 75018, Fr.

SO Journal of Biomedical Materials Research (2002), 60(1), 94-100

CODEN: JBMRBG; ISSN: 0021-9304

PB John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Proliferation of endothelial cells (ECs) is a cellular step of particular importance for implanted cardiovascular **biomaterials**. Heparin and some synthetic water-sol. non-anticoagulant polysaccharides derived from **dextran** and bearing anionic carboxymethyl and hydrophobic benzylamine groups were first investigated for their effects on EC proliferation in vitro. The results assessed by cell counting, 3H-thymidine uptake, and flow cytometry anal., showed that the derivatized **dextran**-bearing hydrophobic groups stimulated the EC growth in the presence of serum, whereas native **dextran** or **dextran** -bearing anionic carboxymethyl groups were inactive and heparin was slightly inhibitory. Then, we showed that the derivatized **dextran** enhanced EC proliferation by potentiation of the mitogenic activities of vascular endothelial **growth factor** (VEGF) and basic fibroblast **growth factor** (FGF-2), two potent EC **growth factors**. In the presence of 2 nM of derivatized **dextran**, a 3-fold and 13-fold increase of 3H-thymidine uptake was obtained with VEGF and FGF-2, resp. Finally, proliferation of ECs was investigated on **crosslinked** gels made of polysaccharides. It is of interest that EC proliferation was higher on gels contg. the derivatized **dextran** than on plain hydrogels, and heparinized gels inhibited cell proliferation. From the obtained results, we propose that the synthetic non-heparin-like **dextran** may be of interest as a coating for the endothelialization of cardiovascular **biomaterials**.

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2000:900497 CAPLUS

DN 134:61577

TI Biologically active material based on an insolubilized **dextran**
derivative and a **growth factor**

IN Blanchat, Cinderella; Logeart-avramoglou, Delphine; Petite, Herve;
Meunier, Alain; Chaubet, Frederic; Jozefonvicz, Jacqueline; Jozefowicz,
Marcel; Sedel, Laurent; Correia, Jose

PA Iterfi, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 2000076562	A1	20001221	WO 2000-FR1603	20000609
	W: CA, JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	FR 2794649	A1	20001215	FR 1999-7401	19990611
	FR 2794649	B1	20030411		
	EP 1189644	A1	20020327	EP 2000-940481	20000609
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
	JP 2003501217	T2	20030114	JP 2001-502893	20000609
	US 2002169120	A1	20021114	US 2001-16706	20011211
PRAI	FR 1999-7401	A	19990611		
	WO 2000-FR1603	W	20000609		

AB The invention concerns a biol. active material essentially comprising at least an insolubilized **dextran** deriv. of general formula DMCaBbSucSd and at least a **growth factor** having an activity on osteoarticular, dental and/or maxillofacial tissues, and the method for prepg. same. The invention also concerns the uses of said **biomaterial** for prepg. a repair or filling material, such as an implant, for osteoarticular, dental or maxillofacial applications and for prepg. an orthopedic, dental or maxillofacial prosthesis, and the prosthesis coated with said biol. active material. A hydrogel comprising **dextran** derivs. **crosslinked** with sodium trimetaphosphate and 0.5 ng/gel bone morphogenic protein was prepd. and lyophilized to obtain a powder. Thus, 15 mg of the above powder was rehydrated with 100 .mu.L water and used as a bone implant to fill a bone cavity of about 50 mm3.

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1996:417927 CAPLUS

DN 125:67866

TI **Biomaterials** containing epithelial cells attached on microcarriers for transplant

IN Dimoudis, Nikolaos; Hartinger, Anton

PA Boehringer Mannheim GmbH, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 9612510	A1	19960502	WO 1995-EP4164	19951024

W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT
 RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

DE 4438015	A1	19960502	DE 1994-4438015	19941025
AU 9538066	A1	19960515	AU 1995-38066	19951024
EP 788381	A1	19970813	EP 1995-935961	19951024
EP 788381	B1	20030416		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
 JP 09511673 T2 19971125 JP 1995-513651 19951024
 US 5980888 A 19991109 US 1997-809408 19970423

PRAI DE 1994-4438015 A 19941025
 US 1995-452701 A 19950530
 WO 1995-EP4164 W 19951024

AB **Biomaterials** contg. epithelial cells which are adherently attached to microcarriers are suitable for use in prepg. a transplantation material for the treatment of wounds. The microcarriers preferably have a diam. of 50 to 500 .mu.m and a coverage with epithelial cells of 30 to 100 %. Cytodex 3 (a collagen-coated **crosslinked dextran**) microcarriers (MC) were incubated at a concn. of 1.2x10⁵ MC/mL of culture medium with keratinocytes at a concn. of 1x10⁶ keratinocytes/mL of culture medium at 37.degree. for 3-4 h. The no. of covered MCs was 50-70% and the covered d. of the individual MCs was 70-90%.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1993:595701 CAPLUS

DN 119:195701

TI Use of injectable **biomaterials** for the repair and augmentation of the anal sphincter

IN Freed, Jeffrey S.

PA JSF Consultants Ltd., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	WO 9316658	A1	19930902	WO 1993-US1879	19930217
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W: AU, CA, FI, JP, NO, NZ

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

US 5480644	A	19960102	US 1992-843124	19920228
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AU 9337853	A1	19930913	AU 1993-37853	19930217
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AU 674308	B2	19961219		
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EP 627900	A1	19941214	EP 1993-907146	19930217
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EP 627900	B1	19990512		
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE

JP 07505146	T2	19950608	JP 1993-515122	19930217
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AT 179877	E	19990515	AT 1993-907146	19930217
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ES 2134843	T3	19991016	ES 1993-907146	19930217
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US 5490984	A	19960213	US 1995-444187	19950518
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PRAI US 1992-843124 19920228

WO 1993-US1879 19930217

AB Methods are disclosed for repair of structurally defective or inadequately functioning muscles of the anal sphincter, as are methods for improvement of the competency of incompetent anal sphincters. The methods involve administration of an effective amt. of an injectable **biomaterial** into the defect or into the anal sinuses. A method for inducing wound healing of a structurally defective anal sphincter using the injectable **biomaterial**, contg. .gtoreq.1 wound-healing agents, is claimed. Preferred **biomaterials** are collagen formulations. Use of

atelo peptide fibrillar collagen injection in a patient is described.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1993:574230 CAPLUS

DN 119:174230

TI Use of injectable **biomaterials** in the treatment of hemorrhoids
and/or pruritis ani

IN Freed, Jeffrey S.

PA JSF Consultants Ltd., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	---	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 9316711	A1	19930902	WO 1993-US1391	19930217
	W: AU, CA, FI, JP, NO, NZ				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	AU 9337204	A1	19930913	AU 1993-37204	19930217
	EP 627927	A1	19941214	EP 1993-906001	19930217
	R: AT, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	JP 07504413	T2	19950518	JP 1993-514930	19930217
PRAI	US 1992-843379		19920228		
	WO 1993-US1391		19930217		
AB	Methods are disclosed for treating hemorrhoids and/or pruritis ani. An effective amt. of an injectable biomaterial is administered into the soft tissues of the anal verge. Preferred biomaterials are collagen formulations (no data).				

=> dis hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:50:10 ON 30 APR 2003)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:50:30 ON 30 APR 2003

L1 31015 S DEXTRAN
E CHAUBET FREDERIC/IN,AU
L2 586 S L1 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)
L3 0 S L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
L4 10 S L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
L5 6 S L4 AND (CROSS-LINKED OR CROSSLINKED)

=> s (sulfate or sulphate)

431132 SULFATE
81280 SULFATES
471560 SULFATE
(SULFATE OR SULFATES)
3604 SULPHATE
593 SULPHATES
4030 SULPHATE
(SULPHATE OR SULPHATES)

L6 474279 (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)

=> s (sulfonate or sulphonate)

50271 SULFONATE
16698 SULFONATES
59002 SULFONATE
(SULFONATE OR SULFONATES)
195 SULPHONATE
38 SULPHONATES
228 SULPHONATE
(SULPHONATE OR SULPHONATES)

L7 59161 (SULFONATE OR SULPHONATE)

```
=> s carboxymethyl?
L8      42035 CARBOXYMETHYL?

=> s l6 or l7 or l8
L9      563556 L6 OR L7 OR L8

=> s l9 and l1
L10     6931 L9 AND L1

=> s l10 and (growth (w) factor)
      1051433 GROWTH
      3941 GROWTHS
      1053507 GROWTH
          (GROWTH OR GROWTHS)
      770514 FACTOR
      672571 FACTORS
      1218305 FACTOR
          (FACTOR OR FACTORS)
      132255 GROWTH (W) FACTOR
L11     304 L10 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)

=> s l11 and (cross(w)link?)
      411377 CROSS
      12769 CROSSES
      422425 CROSS
          (CROSS OR CROSSES)
      357417 LINK?
      37348 CROSS(W) LINK?
L12     3 L11 AND (CROSS(W) LINK?)

=> dis l12 1-3 bib abs
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```
L12  ANSWER 1 OF 3  CAPLUS  COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN   2000:911116  CAPLUS
DN   134:61557
TI   Injectable hyaluronate-sulfated polysaccharide conjugates
IN   Spiro, Robert C.; Liu, Linshu
PA   Orquest, Inc., USA
SO   PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT   Patent
LA   English
FAN.CNT 1
```

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000078356	A1	20001228	WO 2000-US16793	20000616
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6288043	B1	20010911	US 1999-336005	19990618
	EP 1187636	A1	20020320	EP 2000-944722	20000616
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	JP 2003502389	T2	20030121	JP 2001-504418	20000616
PRAI	US 1999-336005	A	19990618		
	WO 2000-US16793	W	20000616		
AB	An injectable compn. is provided for promoting bone and/or cartilage				

growth comprising hyaluronic acid **cross-linked** to sulfated polysaccharide through linking groups. The linking groups are diamines or amino polyalkylene glycols. The sulfated polysaccharide binds **growth factors** suitable for promoting tissue growth at the site of application of the compn. Gels were formed by the conjugation of hyaluronic acid carrying primary amine group with heparin carrying active aldehyde group. Basic fibroblast **growth factor** (I) was incorporated into the gel and release kinetics of the I was studied.

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1994:672990 CAPLUS

DN 121:272990

TI Aggregation pathway of recombinant human keratinocyte **growth factor** and its stabilization

AU Chen, Bao-lu; Arakawa, Tsutomu; Morris, Charles F.; Kenney, William C.; Wells, Christina M.; Pitt, Colin G.

CS Department of Pharmaceuticals and Drug Delivery, Amgen Inc., Thousand Oaks, CA, 91320, USA

SO Pharmaceutical Research (1994), 11(11), 1581-7
CODEN: PHREEB; ISSN: 0724-8741

PB Plenum

DT Journal

LA English

AB Recombinant human keratinocyte **growth factor** (rhKGF) is prone to aggregation at elevated temps. Its aggregation pathway is proposed to proceed initially with a conformational change which perhaps results from repulsion between pos. charged residues in clusters forming heparin binding sites. Unfolding of the protein leads to formation of large sol. aggregates. These sol. aggregates then form disulfide **cross-linked** ppts. Finally these ppts. are converted to scrambled disulfides and/or non-disulfide **cross-linked** ppts. Stabilizers such as heparin, sulfated polysaccharides, anionic polymers and citrate can greatly decrease the rate of aggregation of rhKGF at elevated temps. These mols. may all act by reducing charge repulsion on the protein thus stabilizing the native conformation. EDTA, on the other hand, is found to inhibit disulfide formation in aggregates and has only a moderate stabilizing effect on rhKGF.

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1993:93872 CAPLUS

DN 118:93872

TI Reversal of basic fibroblast **growth factor**-mediated autocrine cell transformation by aromatic anionic compounds

AU Benezra, Miriam; Vlodavsky, Israel; Yayon, Avner; Bar-Shavit, Rachel; Regan, John; Chang, Michael; Ben-Sasson, Shmuel

CS Dep. Oncol., Hadassah Univ. Hosp., Jerusalem, Israel

SO Cancer Research (1992), 52(20), 5656-62
CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

DT Journal

LA English

AB NIH-3T3 cells transfected with basic fibroblast **growth factor** (bFGF) fused to a signal peptide sequence (spbFGF cells) are transformed in vitro and tumorigenic in vivo. Treatment of spbFGF cells with low and nontoxic concns. (0.5-2.5 .mu.g/mL) of neg. charged, nonsulfated arom. compds. (e.g., aurin tricarboxylic acid, 4-hydroxyphenoxyacetic acid) resulted in restoration of their normal proliferative rate, morphol. appearance, and adhesion properties. Binding and crosslinking expts. using 125I-labeled bFGF revealed that these alterations were assocd. with an up-regulation of high affinity receptors for bFGF on the cell surface. A similar up-regulation of **cross-linkable** bFGF receptors was induced by these compds. in spbFGF

cells that were seeded on fibronectin to enforce a firm cell attachment and flattening. Thus, induction of spbFGF cell adhesion and spreading may not be related to restoration of normal bFGF-receptor interactions. Although the neg. charged arom. compds. mimic many of the effects of heparin in other systems (e.g., release of heparin- and heparan sulfate-bound proteins, inhibition of heparanase), heparin, heparan sulfate, and dextran sulfate were not effective at the low concns. of the anionic compds. used in the present study. Likewise, suramin, a sulfated arom. mol., was effective at toxic concns., 400-600-fold higher than the nonsulfated arom. compds. The development of defined, nontoxic anionic compds. may provide a new strategy to interfere with the autonomous and anchorage independent mode of cell growth involved in autocrine cell transformation and cancer.

=> file polymers
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
62.27	62.48

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
-5.86	-5.86

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=> dis hist

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L1	31015 S DEXTRAN
	E CHAUBET FREDERIC/IN,AU
L2	586 S L1 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)
L3	0 S L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
L4	10 S L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
L5	6 S L4 AND (CROSS-LINKED OR CROSSLINKED)
L6	474279 S (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)
L7	59161 S (SULFONATE OR SULPHONATE)
L8	42035 S CARBOXYMETHYL?
L9	563556 S L6 OR L7 OR L8
L10	6931 S L9 AND L1
L11	304 S L10 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)
L12	3 S L11 AND (CROSS(W)LINK?)

FILE 'APOLLIT, BABS, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CIN, EMA, IFIPAT, JICST-EPLUS,
PASCAL, PLASNEWS, PROMT, RAPRA, SCISEARCH, TEXTILETECH, USPATFULL,
USPAT2, WPINDEX, WTEXTILES' ENTERED AT 10:06:35 ON 30 APR 2003

=> s l5
12 FILES SEARCHED...
L13 335 L5

=> s l13 and (sulfate or sulfonate or carboxymethy?)
L14 284 L13 AND (SULFATE OR SULFONATE OR CARBOXYMETHY?)

=> s l12
12 FILES SEARCHED...
18 FILES SEARCHED...
L15 5037 L12

=> s l14 and biomaterial
L16 284 L14 AND BIOMATERIAL

=> s l16 and (tissue or fill? or hydrogel)

17 FILES SEARCHED...

L17 283 L16 AND (TISSUE OR FILL? OR HYDROGEL)

=> s l17 and (collagen or gelatin or glycol or glycolide or hydroxyapatite or carbonate)

L18 274 L17 AND (COLLAGEN OR GELATIN OR GLYCOL OR GLYCOLIDE OR HYDROXYA
PATITE OR CARBONATE)

=> s l18 and bmp

L19 69 L18 AND BMP

=> s l19 and prosthesis

L20 35 L19 AND PROSTHESIS

=> dis l20 1-35 bib abs

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2003:78517 USPATFULL

TI VERTEBRATE EMBRYONIC PATTERN-INDUCING PROTEINS AND USES RELATED THERETO

IN INgham, PHILIP w, OXFORD, UNITED KINGDOM

MCMAHON, ANDREW P., LEXINGTON, MA, UNITED STATES

TABIN, CLIFFORD J, CAMBRIDGE, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003054437 A1 20030320

AI US 1997-954771 A1 19971020 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-462386, filed on 5 Jun 1995, PENDING
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-435093, filed on 4 May 1995,
ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-356060, filed on 14
Dec 1994, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5844079 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No.
US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5789543

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ROPES & GRAY, ONE INTERNATIONAL PLACE, BOSTON, MA, 02110-2624

CLMN Number of Claims: 41

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 8774

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a
family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise
morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are
involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of
differentiated **tissues** in vertebrates. The present invention
makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for
example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate
tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2003:71043 USPATFULL

TI Porous beta-tricalcium phosphate granules and methods for producing same

IN Dalal, Paresh S., Shrewsbury, MA, UNITED STATES

Dimaano, Godofredo R., Edison, NJ, UNITED STATES

Toth, Carol Ann, Sharon, MA, UNITED STATES

Kulkarni, Shailesh C., Natick, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003049328 A1 20030313

AI US 2001-798518 A1 20010302 (9)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP FISH & NEAVE, 1251 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS, 50TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY,
10020-1105

CLMN Number of Claims: 75

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 26 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2677

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A porous .beta.-tricalcium phosphate material for bone implantation is provided. The multiple pores in the porous TCP body are separate discrete voids and are not interconnected. The pore size diameter is in the range of 20-500 .mu.m, preferably 50-125 .mu.m. The porous .beta.-TCP material provides a carrier matrix for bioactive agents and can form a moldable putty composition upon the addition of a binder. The invention provides a kit and an implant device comprising the porous .beta.-TCP, and one or more additional components including a bioactive agent and a binder. The invention also provides an implantable prosthetic device comprising a prosthetic implant having a surface region, a porous .beta.-TCP material disposed on the surface region and optionally comprising at least a bioactive agent or a binder. Methods of producing the porous .beta.-TCP material and inducing bone formation are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:344863 USPATFULL

TI System for repairing inter-vertebral discs

IN Haldimann, David, Loretohohe, SWITZERLAND

PI US 2002198599 A1 20021226

AI US 2002-207285 A1 20020730 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-549332, filed on 14 Apr 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6428576

PRAI US 1999-129607P 19990416 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LOWE HAUPTMAN GILMAN AND BERNER, LLP, 1700 DIAGONAL ROAD, SUITE 300 /310, ALEXANDRIA, VA, 22314

CLMN Number of Claims: 3

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1035

AB An intervertebral disc made up of an annulus fibrosus having at least one defect therein, a **cross linked** visco-elastic solid polymer in said defect and adhering to remaining annulus fibrosus and thereby closing said defect and a nucleus pulposus.

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:301575 USPATFULL

TI Biologically active material based on an insolubilised **dextran** derivative and a **growth factor**

IN Blanchat, Cinderella, Margency, FRANCE

Logeart-Avramoglou, Delphine, Groslay, FRANCE

Petite, Herve, Paris, FRANCE

Meunier, Alain, Saint-Mande, FRANCE

Chaubet, Frederic, Eaubonne, FRANCE

Jozefonvicz, Jacqueline, Lamorlaye, FRANCE

Jozefowicz, Marcel, Lamorlaye, FRANCE

Sedel, Laurent, Jouy en Josas, FRANCE

Correia, Jose, Saint Amand Les Eaux, FRANCE

PI US 2002169120 A1 20021114

AI US 2001-16706 A1 20011211 (10)

PRAI FR 1999-7401 19990611

WO 2000-FR1603 20000609

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Welsh & Katz, Ltd., Thomas W. Tolpin, 22nd Floor, 120 South Riverside

Plaza, Chicago, IL, 60606
CLMN Number of Claims: 23
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 983

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns a biologically active material essentially comprising at least an insolubilised **dextran** derivative of general formula DMC.sub.aB.sub.bSU.sub.cS.sub.d and at least a **growth factor** having an activity on osteoarticular, dental and/or maxillofacial **tissues**, and the method for preparing same. The invention also concerns the uses of said **biomaterial** for preparing a repair or filling material, such as an implant, for osteoarticular, dental or maxillofacial applications and for preparing an orthopaedic, dental or maxillofacial **prosthesis**, and the **prosthesis** coated with said biologically active material.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:194378 USPATFULL
TI System for repairing inter-vertebral discs
IN Haldimann, David, Zug, SWITZERLAND
PA Endospine, Ltd., Cham, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. corporation)
PI US 6428576 B1 20020806
AI US 2000-549332 20000414 (9)
PRAI US 1999-129607P 19990416 (60)
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: McDermott, Corrine; Assistant Examiner: Blanco, Javier G.
LREP Lowe Hauptman Gilman & Berner, LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 25
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1215

AB A method of ameliorating the adverse effects of a defect in the annulus fibrosus by applying a curable bio-compatible material to the defect, and curing that material, in situ, into a **cross linked** visco-elastic solid polymer adhering to remaining annulus fibrosus and thereby closing said defect. Alternatively, the bio-compatible material may be **cross linked** immediately before insertion into the annulus fibrosus.

L20 ANSWER 6 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:105938 USPATFULL
TI Bone precursor compositions
IN Bell, Eugene, Boston, MA, UNITED STATES
Sioussat, Tracy M., Reading, MA, UNITED STATES
PA Tissue Engineering, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002055143 A1 20020509
AI US 2001-867093 A1 20010529 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-369012, filed on 5 Aug 1999, PENDING
PRAI US 1998-95627P 19980807 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Ellen Leonnig, TEI Biosciences, Inc., 7 Elkins Street, Boston, MA, 02127
CLMN Number of Claims: 56
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1561
AB Bone precursor compositions, methods of preparation and use are

described. Bone precursor compositions include a calcium cement which is suitable for injection, wherein the calcium cement includes monobasic calcium phosphate monohydrate and beta-tricalcium phosphate. The bone precursor compositions can further include biopolymer foams, collagen, extracellular matrix components, therapeutic agents, or biopolymer fibers. The bone precursor compositions can also include or be conditioned with cells, such as connective tissue cells, preferably bone tissue cells.

L20 ANSWER 7 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:102612 USPATFULL

TI Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins

IN Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, UNITED KINGDOM

McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States

Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States

PA President & Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States
(U.S. corporation)

Imperial Cancer Research Technology, Ltd., London, UNITED KINGDOM

(non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 6384192 B1 20020507

AI US 1997-957874 19971020 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-462386, filed on 5 Jun 1995

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-435093, filed on 4 May 1995,
now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-356060, filed on
14 Dec 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5844079 Continuation-in-part of
Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US
5789543

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Spector, Lorraine; Assistant Examiner: Kaufman, Claire
M.

LREP Ropes & Gray, Vincent, Matthew P., Halstead, David P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 38

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7476

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 8 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:81274 USPATFULL

TI Methods of making conditioned cell culture medium compositions

IN Naughton, Gail K., La Jolla, CA, United States

Mansbridge, Jonathan N., La Jolla, CA, United States

Pinney, R. Emmett, Poway, CA, United States

PA Advanced Tissue Sciences, Inc., La Jolla, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)

PI US 6372494 B1 20020416

AI US 1999-313538 19990514 (9)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Spector, Lorraine; Assistant Examiner: O'Hara, Eileen
B.

LREP Pennie & Edmonds LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2008

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel products comprising conditioned cell culture medium compositions and methods of use are described. The conditioned cell medium compositions of the invention may be comprised of any known defined or undefined medium and may be conditioned using any eukaryotic cell type. The medium may be conditioned by stromal cells, parenchymal cells, mesenchymal stem cells, liver reserve cells, neural stem cells, pancreatic stem cells and/or embryonic stem cells. Additionally, the cells may be genetically modified. A three-dimensional tissue construct is preferred. Once the cell medium of the invention is conditioned, it may be used in any state. Physical embodiments of the conditioned medium include, but are not limited to, liquid or solid, frozen, lyophilized or dried into a powder. Additionally, the medium is formulated with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier as a vehicle for internal administration, applied directly to a food item or product, formulated with a salve or ointment for topical applications, or, for example, made into or added to surgical glue to accelerate healing of sutures following invasive procedures. Also, the medium may be further processed to concentrate or reduce one or more factors or components contained within the medium.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 9 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2002:78815 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and systems for forming **crosslinked biomaterials** and associated methods of preparation and use

IN Trollas, Olof Mikael, Los Gatos, CA, UNITED STATES

Wallace, Donald G., Menlo Park, CA, UNITED STATES

DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002042473 A1 20020411

US 6458889 B2 20021001

AI US 2001-883138 A1 20010615 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-733739, filed on 8 Dec 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6323278 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-302852, filed on 30 Apr 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6166130 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13 Jan 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6051648 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5874500 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-649337, filed on 28 Aug 2000, PENDING

PRAI US 1999-151273P 19990827 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP REED & ASSOCIATES, 800 MENLO AVENUE, SUITE 210, MENLO PARK, CA, 94025

CLMN Number of Claims: 86

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 19 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3147

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Crosslinkable compositions are provided that readily crosslink in situ to provide biocompatible, nonimmunogenic **crosslinked biomaterials**. The compositions contain at least three biocompatible, nonimmunogenic components having reactive functional groups thereon, with the functional groups selected so as to enable inter-reaction between the components, i.e., crosslinking. In a preferred embodiment, a first component is polynucleophilic, a second component is polyelectrophilic, and at least one third component contains one or more functional groups reactive with the nucleophilic moieties one the first or second component. At least one of the

components is a polyfunctional hydrophilic polymer; the other components may also comprise hydrophilic polymers, or they may be low molecular weight, typically hydrophobic, crosslinkers. Methods for preparing and using the compositions are also provided. Exemplary uses include **tissue** augmentation, biologically active agent delivery, bioadhesion, and prevention of adhesions following surgery or injury.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 10 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2002:22572 USPATFULL
TI **Cross-linked** polymer compositions and methods for their use
IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES
DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, UNITED STATES
Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2002013408 A1 20020131
US 6534591 B2 20030318
AI US 2001-932536 A1 20010817 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-733739, filed on 8 Dec 2000, PENDING
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-302852, filed on 30 Apr 1999, GRANTED,
Pat. No. US 6166130 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13
Jan 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6051648 Continuation of Ser. No. US
1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5874500
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995,
ABANDONED
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP REED & ASSOCIATES, 800 MENLO AVENUE, SUITE 210, MENLO PARK, CA, 94025
CLMN Number of Claims: 65
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1719

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene glycol that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino (--NH.sub.2) or thiol (--SH) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or collagen) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect **tissue** augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 11 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2002:16925 USPATFULL
TI Scaffold matrix and **tissue** maintaining systems
IN Nevo, Zvi, Herzliya, ISRAEL
Robinson, Dror, Shimshon, ISRAEL
PA RAMOT UNIVERSITY AUTHORITY FOR APPLIED RESEARCH & INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT LTD. (non-U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002009805 A1 20020124
AI US 2001-826389 A1 20010404 (9)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-345138, filed on 6 Jul 1999,
PENDING

DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP LADAS & PARRY, 26 WEST 61ST STREET, NEW YORK, NY, 10023
CLMN Number of Claims: 32
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 903
AB The invention concerns a scaffold which is used as a growth supportive base for various cells and **tissue** explants from three-dimensional **tissue** comprising naturally derived connective or skeletal **tissue** into attached flakes having a very high porosity. Alternatively the scaffold is composed of fused epiphyses.

L20 ANSWER 12 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2001:235126 USPATFULL
TI **Hydrogel** compositions for controlled delivery of virus vectors and methods of use thereof
IN Levy, Robert J., Merion Station, PA, United States
Crombleholme, Timothy, Haverford, PA, United States
Vyavahare, Narendra, Erial, NJ, United States
PA The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6333194 B1 20011225
AI US 2000-487854 20000119 (9)
PRAI US 1999-116538P 19990119 (60)
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wang, Andrew; Assistant Examiner: Zara, Jane
LREP Foley & Lardner
CLMN Number of Claims: 34
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3154
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB The invention relates to compositions and methods for delivering a virus vector to an animal. The compositions include compositions which comprise a **hydrogel** matrix (e.g. a **collagen** matrix which can comprise a poloxamer or an alginate) containing a virus vector therein in a transfectious form. The invention also includes methods of making such **hydrogel** precursor mixtures and **hydrogel** matrices, including particles, devices, bulk materials, and other objects which comprise, consist of, or are coated with such mixtures or matrices. The invention further relates to compositions comprising a **hydrogel** precursor mixture having a virus vector suspended therein, which, when administered to an animal, gel to form a **hydrogel** matrix containing a virus vector therein in a transfectious form. Methods of delivering a virus vector to an animal **tissue** are also described.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 13 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2001:229880 USPATFULL
TI Method for composite cell-based implants
IN Frondoza, Carmelita G., Woodstock, MD, United States
Hungerford, David S., Cockeysville, MD, United States
Shikani, Alan H., Ruxton, MD, United States
Domb, Abraham J., Efrat, Israel
Fink, David J., Baltimore, MD, United States
Bloom, Leonard, Owings Mills, MD, United States
PA Chondros, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2001051834 A1 20011213

AI US 2001-922909 A1 20010806 (9)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-825632, filed on 4 Apr 2001,
PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-712662, filed on 14 Nov
2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-275319, filed on
24 Mar 1999, PENDING
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP LEONARD BLOOM & ASSOCIATES, LLC, Suite 905, 401 Washington Avenue,
Towson, MD, 21204
CLMN Number of Claims: 70
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 833

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention is a method for the implantation of a combination of
cells or cell-microcarrier aggregates wherein one component comprises a
solid implantable construct and a second component comprises an
injectable formulation. For example, in one embodiment, the solid
implant may be first implanted to fill the majority of the
cavity receiving the implant, and then cells or cell-microcarrier
aggregates in an injectable format, with or without the addition of
gelling materials to promote rapid gelling in situ, may be injected into
spaces surrounding the solid implant in order to secure the solid
implant in the site and/or to promote rapid adherence and/or integration
of the solid implant to surrounding tissues. Also contemplated
in this embodiment is that the cellular composition of the injectable
component may differ from that of the solid component. For example, the
solid implant may result from the culturing of chondrocytes on
microcarriers or scaffolds, thereby resulting in an implant having
cartilage-like properties, whereas the injectable cells or aggregates
may result from the culturing of stem cells, resulting thereby in cells
capable of producing cells of a chondrogenic, fibroblastic, myoblastic
or osteoblastic phenotype. In this example, cells in the injectable
aggregates may promote the fixation to or rapid integration of the solid
cartilage implant into surrounding cartilage, connective tissue
, muscle or bone, respectively.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 14 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2001:152941 USPATFULL
TI Injectable hyaluronate-sulfated polysaccharide conjugates
IN Spiro, Robert C., Half Moon Bay, CA, United States
Liu, LinShu, Sunnyvale, CA, United States
PA Orquest, Inc., Mountain View, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6288043 B1 20010911
AI US 1999-336005 19990618 (9)
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fonda, Kathleen K.
LREP Fish & Richardson, PC
CLMN Number of Claims: 24
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 5 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 476

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An injectable composition is provided for promoting bone and/or
cartilage growth comprising hyaluronic acid cross-
linked to sulfated polysaccharide through linking groups. The
linking groups are diamines or amino polyalkylene glycols. The
sulfated polysaccharide binds growth factors
suitable for promoting tissue growth at the site of
application of the composition.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 15 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2001:126124 USPATFULL
TI Nucleic acids encoding hedgehog proteins
IN Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, United Kingdom
McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States
Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States
PA President & Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States
(U.S. corporation)
Imperial Cancer Research Technology, Ltd., United Kingdom (non-U.S.
corporation)
PI US 6271363 B1 20010807
AI US 1997-954698 19971020 (8)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-462386, filed on 5 Jun 1995
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-435093, filed on 4 May 1995
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-356060, filed on 14 Dec 1994,
now patented, Pat. No. US 5844079 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5789543
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Spector, Lorraine; Assistant Examiner: Kaufman, Claire
M.
LREP Foley, Hoag & Eliot, LLP, Vincent, Matthew P., Varma, Anita
CLMN Number of Claims: 38
ECL Exemplary Claim: 2
DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 7491

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a
family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise
morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are
involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of
differentiated tissues in vertebrates. The present invention
makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for
example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate
tissue both in vitro and in vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 16 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2001:112054 USPATFULL
TI Screening assays for hedgehog agonists and antagonists
IN Marigo, Valeria, Brookline, MA, United States
Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States
Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, United Kingdom
McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States
PA Imperial Cancer Res. Technology, United Kingdom (non-U.S. corporation)
President & Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States
(U.S. corporation)
PI US 6261786 B1 20010717
AI US 1996-674509 19960702 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-460900, filed on 5 Jun 1995,
now patented, Pat. No. US 6156747 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
1995-462386, filed on 5 Jun 1995 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
1995-435093, filed on 4 May 1995, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of
Ser. No. US 1994-356060, filed on 14 Dec 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US
5844079 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec
1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5789543
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Kunz, Gary L.; Assistant Examiner: Kaufman, Claire M.
LREP Ropes & Gray
CLMN Number of Claims: 27

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 25 Drawing Figure(s); 21 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 8121

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated **tissues** in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate **tissue** both in vitro and in vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 17 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2001:90979 USPATFULL

TI Method of making **crosslinked** polymer matrices in **tissue** treatment applications

IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, United States
DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States
Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, United States

PI US 2001003126 A1 20010607

US 6323278 B2 20011127

AI US 2000-733739 A1 20001208 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-302852, filed on 30 Apr 1999, PENDING
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13 Jan 1999, PENDING
Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, GRANTED,
Pat. No. US 5874500 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-539799,
filed on 5 Oct 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Laurie A. Axford, Morrison & Foerster LLP, Suite 500, 3811 Valley Centre Drive, San Diego, CA, 92130-2332

CLMN Number of Claims: 65

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1746

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene glycol that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino (--NH.sub.2) or thiol (--SH) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or collagen) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect **tissue** augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 18 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2000:174756 USPATFULL

TI Method of using **crosslinked** polymer compositions in **tissue** treatment applications

IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, United States
DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States

Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, United States
 PA Cohesion Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
 PI US 6166130 20001226
 AI US 1999-302852 19990430 (9)
 RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13 Jan 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6051648 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5874500, issued on 23 Feb 1999 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, now abandoned
 DT Utility
 FS Granted
 EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
 LREP Morrison & Foester, LLP
 CLMN Number of Claims: 13
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRWN 18 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
 LN.CNT 1635
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene glycol that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino (--NH.sub.2) or thiol (--SH) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or collagen) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect **tissue** augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 L20 ANSWER 19 OF 35 USPATFULL
 AN 2000:174376 USPATFULL
 TI Nucleic acids encoding hedgehog proteins
 IN Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, United Kingdom
 McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States
 Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States
 Bumcrot, David A., Belmont, MA, United States
 Marti-Gorostiza, Elisa, Brookline, MA, United States
 PA President & Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)
 Imperial Cancer Research Technology, Ltd., United Kingdom (non-U.S. corporation)
 PI US 6165747 20001226
 AI US 1995-460900 19950605 (8)
 RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-435093, filed on 4 May 1995 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-356060, filed on 14 Dec 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5844079 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5789543
 DT Utility
 FS Granted
 EXNAM Primary Examiner: Kunz, Gary L.; Assistant Examiner: Kaufman, Claire M.
 LREP Foley, Hoag & Eliot, LLP, Vincent, Matthew P., Varma, Anita
 CLMN Number of Claims: 50
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRWN 17 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 9236

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by **tissue** patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated **tissues** in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate **tissue** both in vitro and in vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 20 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2000:128306 USPATFULL

TI Chitin **hydrogels**, methods of their production and use

IN Drohan, William N., Springfield, VA, United States

MacPhee, Martin J., Gaithersburg, MD, United States

Miekka, Shirley I., Gaithersburg, MD, United States

Singh, Manish S., Columbia, MD, United States

Elson, Clive, Halifax, Canada

Taylor, Jr., John R., New York, NY, United States

PA Chitogenics, Inc., Morristown, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)

The American National Red Cross, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. corporation)

Coalition for Hemophilia B, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6124273 20000926

AI US 1997-960555 19971013 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-659999, filed on 7 Jun 1996, now abandoned

PRAI US 1995-109P 19950609 (60)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fonda, Kathleen K.

LREP Lahive & Cockfield, LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 32

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 6 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2441

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention is directed to the preparation and utilization of supplemented chitin **hydrogels**, such as chitosan **hydrogels**. Further provided are **biomaterials** comprising same. The particular supplement delivered by the chitin **hydrogel** is selected as a function of its intended use. In one embodiment, this invention provides a composition of matter, comprising a chitin **hydrogel** or chitin-derived **hydrogel**, wherein the **hydrogel** does not inhibit full-thickness skin wound healing.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 21 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 2000:47305 USPATFULL

TI **Crosslinked** polymer compositions and methods for their use

IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, United States

DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States

Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, United States

PA Cohesion Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6051648 20000418

AI US 1999-229851 19990113 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 19 Dec 1996, now

patented, Pat. No. US 5874500, issued on 23 Feb 1999 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, now abandoned

DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
LREP Foley & Lardner, Axford, Laurie A.
CLMN Number of Claims: 19
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1627

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene glycol that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino (--NH.sub.2) or thiol (--SH) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or collagen) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect **tissue** augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 22 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 2000:44203 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and therapeutic methods using morphogenic proteins and stimulatory factors
IN Lee, John C., San Antonio, TX, United States
Yeh, Lee-Chuan C., San Antonio, TX, United States
PA Stryker Corporation, Kalamazoo, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6048964 20000411
AI US 1995-570752 19951212 (8)
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
LREP Fish & Neave, Haley, Jr., James F., Ruskin, Barbara A.
CLMN Number of Claims: 21
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 12 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3062

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a morphogenic protein stimulatory factor (MPSF) for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of morphogenic proteins, particularly those belonging to the **BMP** protein family. Methods for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of a morphogenic protein in a mammal using those compositions are provided. This invention also provides implantable morphogenic devices comprising a morphogenic protein and a MPSF disposed within a carrier, that are capable of inducing **tissue** formation in allogeneic and xenogeneic implants. Methods for inducing local **tissue** formation from a progenitor cell in a mammal using those devices are also provided. A method for accelerating allograft repair in a mammal using morphogenic devices is provided. This invention also provides a prosthetic device comprising a **prosthesis** coated with a morphogenic protein and a MPSF, and a method for promoting in vivo

integration of an implantable prosthetic device to enhance the bond strength between the **prosthesis** and the existing target **tissue** at the joining site. Methods of treating **tissue** degenerative conditions in a mammal using the pharmaceutical compositions are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 23 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 1999:106108 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and therapeutic methods using morphogenic proteins and stimulatory factors
IN Lee, John C., San Antonio, TX, United States
Yeh, Lee-Chuan C., San Antonio, TX, United States
PA Stryker Corporation, Kalamazoo, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5948428 19990907
AI US 1996-761468 19961206 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-570752, filed on 12 Dec 1995
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Azpuru, Carlos
LREP Fish & Neave, Haley, James F., Ruskin, Barbara A.
CLMN Number of Claims: 78
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 17 Drawing Figure(s); 16 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3767

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a morphogenic protein stimulatory factor (MPSF) for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of morphogenic proteins, particularly those belonging to the **BMP** protein family. Methods for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of a morphogenic protein in a mammal using those compositions are provided. This invention also provides implantable morphogenic devices comprising a morphogenic protein and a MPSF disposed within a carrier, that are capable of inducing **tissue** formation in allogeneic and xenogeneic implants. Methods for inducing local **tissue** formation from a progenitor cell in a mammal using those devices are also provided. A method for accelerating allograft repair in a mammal using morphogenic devices is provided. This invention also provides a prosthetic device comprising a **prosthesis** coated with a morphogenic protein and a MPSF, and a method for promoting in vivo integration of an implantable prosthetic device to enhance the bond strength between the **prosthesis** and the existing target **tissue** at the joining site. Methods of treating **tissue** degenerative conditions in a mammal using the pharmaceutical compositions are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 24 OF 35 USPATFULL
AN 1999:99644 USPATFULL
TI Methods and compositions for multiple gene transfer into bone cells
IN Bonadio, Jeffrey, Ann Harbor, MI, United States
Goldstein, Steven A., Ann Harbor, MI, United States
PA The Regent of The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5942496 19990824
AI US 1994-316650 19940930 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-199780, filed on 18 Feb 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5763416
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campell, Bruce R.; Assistant Examiner: Nguyen, Dave

Trong
LREP Arnold White & Durkee
CLMN Number of Claims: 130
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 26 Drawing Figure(s); 14 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 5310

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are methods, compositions, kits and devices for use in transferring nucleic acids into bone cells in situ and/or for stimulating bone progenitor cells. Type II **collagen** and, particularly, osteotropic genes, are shown to stimulate bone progenitor cells and to promote bone growth, repair and regeneration in vivo. Gene transfer protocols are disclosed for use in transferring various nucleic acid materials into bone, as may be used in treating various bone-related diseases and defects including fractures, osteoporosis, osteogenesis imperfecta and in connection with bone implants.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 25 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 1999:72563 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and therapeutic methods using morphogenic proteins and stimulatory factors

IN Lee, John C., San Antonio, TX, United States

Yeh, Lee-Chuan C., San Antonio, TX, United States

PA Stryker Corporation, Kalamazoo, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5916870 19990629

AI US 1998-158220 19980922 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-27873, filed on 23 Feb 1998 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1995-570752, filed on 12 Dec 1995

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.

LREP Fish & Neave, Haley, James F., Ruskin, Barbara A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 42

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3176

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a morphogenic protein stimulatory factor (MPSF) for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of morphogenic proteins, particularly those belonging to the **BMP** protein family. Methods for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of a morphogenic protein in a mammal using those compositions are provided. This invention also provides implantable morphogenic devices comprising a morphogenic protein and a MPSF disposed within a carrier, that are capable of inducing **tissue** formation in allogeneic and xenogeneic implants. Methods for inducing local **tissue** formation from a progenitor cell in a mammal using those devices are also provided. A method for accelerating allograft repair in a mammal using morphogenic devices is provided. This invention also provides a prosthetic device comprising a **prosthesis** coated with a morphogenic protein and a MPSF, and a method for promoting in vivo integration of an implantable prosthetic device to enhance the bond strength between the **prosthesis** and the existing target **tissue** at the joining site. Methods of treating **tissue** degenerative conditions in a mammal using the pharmaceutical compositions are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 26 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 1999:36949 USPATFULL

TI Engineering oral **tissues**
IN Mooney, David J., Ann Arbor, MI, United States
Rutherford, Robert B., Ann Arbor, MI, United States
PA The Regents of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States
(U.S. corporation)
PI US 5885829 19990323
AI US 1997-864494 19970528 (8)
PRAI US 1996-18450P 19960528 (60)
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Degen, Nancy
LREP Arnold, White & Durkee
CLMN Number of Claims: 109
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 17 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 8001

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are methods for regenerating dental and oral **tissues** from viable cells using ex vivo culture on a structural matrix. The regenerated oral **tissues** and **tissue-matrix** preparations thus provided have both clinical applications in dentistry and oral medicine and are also useful in in vitro toxicity and biocompatibility testing.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 27 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 1999:24717 USPATFULL
TI **Crosslinked** polymer compositions and methods for their use
IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, United States
DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States
Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, United States
PA Cohesion Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5874500 19990223
AI US 1996-769806 19961218 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
LREP Fish & Richardson P.C.
CLMN Number of Claims: 34
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1713

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene **glycol** that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino (--NH.sub.2) or thiol (--SH) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or **collagen**) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect **tissue** augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 28 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 1998:162472 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and therapeutic methods using morphogenic proteins and stimulatory factors

IN Lee, John C., San Antonio, TX, United States

Yeh, Lee-Chuan C., San Antonio, TX, United States

PA Stryker Corporation, Kalamazoo, MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5854207 19981229

AI US 1998-27873 19980223

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-570752, filed on 12 Dec 1995

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.

LREP Fish & Neave, Haley, Jr., James F., Ruskin, Barbara A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 28

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3072

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a morphogenic protein stimulatory factor (MPSF) for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of morphogenic proteins, particularly those belonging to the **BMP** protein family. Methods for improving the **tissue** inductive activity of a morphogenic protein in a mammal using those compositions are provided. This invention also provides implantable morphogenic devices comprising a morphogenic protein and a MPSF disposed within a carrier, that are capable of inducing **tissue** formation in allogeneic and xenogeneic implants. Methods for inducing local **tissue** formation from a progenitor cell in a mammal using those devices are also provided. A method for accelerating allograft repair in a mammal using morphogenic devices is provided. This invention also provides a prosthetic device comprising a **prosthesis** coated with a morphogenic protein and a MPSF, and a method for promoting in vivo integration of an implantable prosthetic device to enhance the bond strength between the **prosthesis** and the existing target **tissue** at the joining site. Methods of treating **tissue** degenerative conditions in a mammal using the pharmaceutical compositions are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 29 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 1998:151078 USPATFULL

TI Vertebrate embryonic pattern-inducing proteins, and uses related thereto

IN Ingham, Philip W., Summertown, England

McMahon, Andrew P., Lexington, MA, United States

Tabin, Clifford J., Cambridge, MA, United States

PA President and Fellows of Harvard College, Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5844079 19981201

AI US 1994-356060 19941214 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-176427, filed on 30 Dec 1993

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Walsh, Stephen; Assistant Examiner: Sorensen, Kenneth H.

LREP Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E.Foley, Hoag & Eliot LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 41

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 22 Drawing Figure(s); 21 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7618

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention concerns the discovery that proteins encoded by a family of vertebrate genes, termed here hedgehog-related genes, comprise morphogenic signals produced by embryonic patterning centers, and are involved in the formation of ordered spatial arrangements of differentiated **tissues** in vertebrates. The present invention makes available compositions and methods that can be utilized, for example to generate and/or maintain an array of different vertebrate **tissue** both in vitro and in vivo.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 30 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 95:50164 USPATFULL

TI TGF-.beta.formulation for inducing bone growth

IN Ammann, Arthur J., 460 Point San Bruno Blvd., South San Francisco, CA, United States 94080-4990
Beck, Steven L., 460 Point San Bruno Blvd., South San Francisco, CA, United States 94080-4990
Nguyen, Tue H., 460 Point San Bruno Blvd., South San Francisco, CA, United States 94080-4990
Ongpipattanakul, Boonsri, 460 Point San Bruno Blvd., South San Francisco, CA, United States 94080-4990
Rudman, Christopher G., 460 Point San Bruno Blvd., South San Francisco, CA, United States 94080-4990

PI US 5422340 19950606

AI US 1994-255844 19940608 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-3365, filed on 12 Jan 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 4733364 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-790856, filed on 11 Nov 1991, now abandoned which is a division of Ser. No. US 1989-401906, filed on 1 Sep 1989, now patented, Pat. No. US 5158934, issued on 27 Oct 1992

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Schain, Howard E.; Assistant Examiner: Touzeau, P. Lynn

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 10 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2343

AB A formulation suitable for inducing bone formation contains about 0.5 .mu.g to about 5 mg of transforming **growth factor** -.beta. and about 140 mg to about 50 g of tricalcium phosphate and excludes a bone morphogenetic cofactor. In another embodiment, the formulation contains about 0.5 .mu.g to 5 mg transforming **growth factor**-.beta., about 140 mg to 50 g of tricalcium phosphate particles, and an amount of amylopectin ranging from about 01:1 to 1:1 amylopectin:tricalcium phosphate.

L20 ANSWER 31 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 94:55593 USPATFULL

TI Biologically inert, biocompatible-polymer conjugates

IN Rhee, Woonza, Palo Alto, CA, United States
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Fries, Louis, Los Altos, CA, United States
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PI US 5324775 19940628

AI US 1992-907518 19920702 (7)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-433441, filed on 14 Nov 1989,

now patented, Pat. No. US 5162430 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-274071, filed on 21 Nov 1988, now abandoned

DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
LREP Bozicevic, Karl
CLMN Number of Claims: 14
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1519

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Pharmaceutically acceptable, non-immunogenic compositions are formed by covalently binding biologically inactive, natural, biocompatible polymer to pharmaceutically pure, synthetic, hydrophilic polymers via specific types of chemical bonds to provide biocompatible conjugates. The synthetic hydrophilic polymer may be polyethylene glycol and derivatives thereof having a weight average molecular weight over a range of from about 100 to about 20,000. The compositions may include other components such as liquid, pharmaceutically acceptable, carriers to form injectable formulations, and/or biologically active proteins such as **growth factors**. The conjugates of the invention generally contain large amounts of water when formed. The conjugates can be dehydrated to form a relatively solid object. The dehydrated, solid object can be ground into particles which can be suspended in a non-aqueous fluid such as an oil and injected into a living (preferably human) being for the purpose of providing soft **tissue** augmentation. Once in place, the particles rehydrate and expand in size five fold or more.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 32 OF 35 USPATFULL

AN 92:16684 USPATFULL

TI Method for promoting soft connective **tissue** growth and repair in mammals

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Krukowski, Marilyn D., 24 Washington Ter., St. Louis, MO, United States 63112

Osdoby, Philip A., 16206 Berry Hollow Ct., Ballwin, MO, United States 63011

PI US 5092883 19920303

AI US 1990-626844 19901213 (7)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-291175, filed on 28 Dec 1988, now patented, Pat. No. US 4988358

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Isabella, David J.; Assistant Examiner: Brittingham, Debra S.

LREP Robbins & Robbins

CLMN Number of Claims: 16

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 574

AB A material with chemically induced surface charges is employed to foster formation of mammalian hard and soft connective **tissues**. The material may be in the form of beads such as ion exchange resins. Bead materials with a negative surface charge stimulate formation of hard **tissue** within long bones and foster bony repair of defects in parietal bones and in mandibular rami. Beads with positively charged surfaces engender formation of large quantities of soft dense connective **tissue** when implanted into defects in the cranium or when used as an onlay on the nasal bone surface. The use of such beads or other charged biodegradable materials and the use of other surface charged

materials with different physical configurations provides significant improvement in hard and soft connective **tissue** repair, augmentation and replacement in medical fields such as orthopaedic and maxillofacial surgery.

L20 ANSWER 33 OF 35 USPAT2

AN 2002:78815 USPAT2

TI Compositions and systems for forming **crosslinked biomaterials** and associated methods of preparation and use

IN Trollas, Olof Mikael, Los Gatos, CA, United States

Wallace, Donald G., Menlo Park, CA, United States

DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States

PA Cohesion Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6458889 B2 20021001

AI US 2001-883138 20010615 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-733739, filed on 8 Dec 2000, now patented, Pat. No. US 6323278 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-649337, filed on 28 Aug 2000 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-302852, filed on 30 Apr 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6166130, issued on 26 Dec 2000 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13 Jan 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6051648, issued on 18 Apr 2000 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5874500, issued on 23 Feb 1999 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, now abandoned

PRAI US 1999-151273P 19990827 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.

LREP Reed & Associates, Reed, Dianne E.

CLMN Number of Claims: 74

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 23 Drawing Figure(s); 19 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3065

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Crosslinkable compositions are provided that readily crosslink in situ to provide biocompatible, nonimmunogenic **crosslinked biomaterials**. The compositions contain at least three biocompatible, nonimmunogenic components having reactive functional groups thereon, with the functional groups selected so as to enable inter-reaction between the components, i.e., crosslinking. In a preferred embodiment, a first component is polynucleophilic, a second component is polyelectrophilic, and at least one third component contains one or more functional groups reactive with the nucleophilic moieties one the first or second component. At least one of the components is a polyfunctional hydrophilic polymer; the other components may also comprise hydrophilic polymers, or they may be low molecular weight, typically hydrophobic, crosslinkers. Methods for preparing and using the compositions are also provided. Exemplary uses include **tissue** augmentation, biologically active agent delivery, bioadhesion, and prevention of adhesions following surgery or injury.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 34 OF 35 USPAT2

AN 2002:22572 USPAT2

TI **Cross-linked** polymer compositions and methods for their use

IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, United States

DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States

Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, United States

PA Cohesion Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S.

corporation)
PI US 6534591 B2 20030318
AI US 2001-932536 20010817 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-733739, filed on 8 Dec 2000, now patented, Pat. No. US 6323278, issued on 27 Nov 2001 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-302852, filed on 30 Apr 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6166130, issued on 26 Dec 2000 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13 Jan 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6051648, issued on 18 Apr 2000 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5874500, issued on 23 Feb 1999 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
LREP Reed, Dianne E., Reed & Eberle LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 30
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1659

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene glycol that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino (--NH.sub.2) or thiol (--SH) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or collagen) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect **tissue** augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L20 ANSWER 35 OF 35 USPAT2
AN 2001:90979 USPAT2
TI Method of making **crosslinked** polymer matrices in **tissue** treatment applications
IN Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, United States
DeLustro, Frank A., Belmont, CA, United States
Berg, Richard A., Los Altos, CA, United States
PA Cohesion Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6323278 B2 20011127
AI US 2000-733739 20001208 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-302852, filed on 30 Apr 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6166130 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-229851, filed on 13 Jan 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6051648 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-769806, filed on 18 Dec 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5874500 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-573799, filed on 18 Dec 1995, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nutter, Nathan M.
LREP Axford, Laurie A., Reed, Dianne E.
CLMN Number of Claims: 12
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1638

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB **Crosslinked** polymer compositions comprise a first synthetic polymer containing multiple nucleophilic groups covalently bound to a second synthetic polymer containing multiple electrophilic groups. The first synthetic polymer is preferably a synthetic polypeptide or a polyethylene glycol that has been modified to contain multiple nucleophilic groups, such as primary amino ($--NH_{2}$) or thiol ($--SH$) groups. The second synthetic polymer may be a hydrophilic or hydrophobic synthetic polymer which contains, or has been derivatized to contain, two or more electrophilic groups, such as succinimidyl groups. The compositions may further comprise other components, such as naturally occurring polysaccharides or proteins (such as glycosaminoglycans or collagen) and/or biologically active agents. Also disclosed are methods for using the **crosslinked** polymer compositions to effect adhesion between a first surface and a second surface; to effect tissue augmentation; to prevent the formation of surgical adhesions; and to coat a surface of a synthetic implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> s l20 and dextran

4 FILES SEARCHED...

15 FILES SEARCHED...

L21 35 L20 AND DEXTRAN

=> dis hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:50:10 ON 30 APR 2003)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:50:30 ON 30 APR 2003

L1 31015 S DEXTRAN
E CHAUBET FREDERIC/IN,AU
L2 586 S L1 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)
L3 0 S L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
L4 10 S L2 AND BIOMATERIAL
L5 6 S L4 AND (CROSS-LINKED OR CROSSLINKED)
L6 474279 S (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)
L7 59161 S (SULFONATE OR SULPHONATE)
L8 42035 S CARBOXYMETHYL?
L9 563556 S L6 OR L7 OR L8
L10 6931 S L9 AND L1
L11 304 S L10 AND (GROWTH (W) FACTOR)
L12 3 S L11 AND (CROSS(W)LINK?)

FILE 'APOLLIT, BABS, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CIN, EMA, IFIPAT, JICST-EPLUS, PASCAL, PLASNEWS, PROMT, RAPRA, SCISEARCH, TEXTILETECH, USPATFULL, USPAT2, WPINDEX, WTEXTILES' ENTERED AT 10:06:35 ON 30 APR 2003

L13 335 S L5
L14 284 S L13 AND (SULFATE OR SULFONATE OR CARBOXYMETHY?)
L15 5037 S L12
L16 284 S L14 AND BIOMATERIAL
L17 283 S L16 AND (TISSUE OR FILL? OR HYDROGEL)
L18 274 S L17 AND (COLLAGEN OR GELATIN OR GLYCOL OR GLYCOLIDE OR HYDRO
L19 69 S L18 AND BMP
L20 35 S L19 AND PROSTHESIS
L21 35 S L20 AND DEXTRAN